

Table 6.1A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Gender and Detailed Age Categories: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Age Category	Total	GENDER	
		Male	Female
Total 18 or Older	17,483	6,041	11,442
18	543	216	326
19	514	192	322
20	511	214	297
21	571	218	353
22	533	209	324
23	518	193	324
24	426	159	268
25	469	160	309
26-29	1,458	543	915
30-34	2,132	732	1,400
35-39	1,995	846	1,150
40-44	2,236	643	1,593
45-49	1,713	559	1,154
50-54	1,397	384	1,013
55-59	904	305	599
60-64	416	158	259
65 or Older	1,148	313	835

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.1B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Gender and Detailed Age Categories: Percentages, 2002

Age Category	Total	GENDER	
		Male	Female
Total 18 or Older	8.3	6.0	10.5
18	12.4	9.7	15.3
19	12.6	9.4	15.8
20	12.8	10.4	15.3
21	14.1	10.8	17.4
22	13.8	10.7	17.0
23	13.6	9.9	17.4
24	12.1	9.2	14.8
25	14.1	10.4	17.3
26-29	9.5	7.3	11.7
30-34	10.7	7.4	14.1
35-39	9.1	7.8	10.3
40-44	10.2	6.1	14.0
45-49	8.1	5.3	10.8
50-54	7.4	4.2	10.4
55-59	6.2	4.6	7.5
60-64	3.6	2.7	4.5
65 or Older	3.4	2.1	4.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.2A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	17,483	4,085	9,534	3,865
GENDER				
Male	6,041	1,560	3,322	1,159
Female	11,442	2,525	6,211	2,706
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic or Latino	15,760	3,486	8,667	3,607
White	12,639	2,744	7,010	2,885
Black or African American	2,032	466	1,089	477
American Indian or Alaska Native	161	35	69	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	40	*	*	*
Asian	600	154	344	*
Two or More Races	289	63	139	*
Hispanic or Latino	1,724	599	867	258
EDUCATION				
< High School	3,591	944	1,506	1,142
High School Graduate	5,839	1,363	3,027	1,449
Some College	4,991	1,362	2,751	878
College Graduate	3,062	416	2,250	396
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT				
Full-Time	8,453	1,795	5,733	925
Part-Time	2,664	1,042	1,210	412
Unemployed	1,078	395	557	*
Other ¹	5,289	853	2,033	2,402

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.2B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	8.3	13.2	9.5	4.9
GENDER				
Male	6.0	10.0	6.7	3.2
Female	10.5	16.3	12.2	6.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic or Latino	8.5	13.7	10.1	4.9
White	8.4	14.2	10.4	4.6
Black or African American	8.8	11.5	9.2	6.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	12.5	16.1	11.1	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	5.4	*	*	*
Asian	7.5	11.2	7.5	*
Two or More Races	13.6	15.7	13.8	*
Hispanic or Latino	6.9	10.9	6.1	4.8
EDUCATION				
< High School	9.6	13.7	10.9	6.9
High School Graduate	8.6	12.9	9.8	5.5
Some College	9.5	13.9	10.6	5.2
College Graduate	5.8	11.0	7.6	2.0
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT				
Full-Time	7.3	12.4	7.9	3.1
Part-Time	9.7	13.2	11.4	4.6
Unemployed	14.2	16.1	14.2	*
Other ¹	9.0	13.8	15.5	6.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.3A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Geographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Geographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	17,483	4,085	9,534	3,865
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION				
Northeast	3,441	784	1,943	714
New England	1,007	215	524	268
Middle Atlantic	2,434	569	1,419	446
Midwest	4,048	926	2,209	913
East North Central	2,831	619	1,588	624
West North Central	1,217	307	621	289
South	6,325	1,375	3,357	1,593
South Atlantic	3,353	647	1,763	943
East South Central	1,195	255	695	245
West South Central	1,777	473	900	405
West	3,669	1,000	2,024	645
Mountain	1,117	317	578	222
Pacific	2,552	683	1,446	423
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	7,995	1,869	4,656	1,470
Small Metro	5,554	1,453	2,977	1,124
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	3,983	979	2,151	853
<250K Pop.	1,571	474	827	271
Nonmetro	3,934	763	1,900	1,271
Urbanized	1,117	276	546	294
Less Urbanized	2,408	423	1,138	847
Completely Rural	410	63	216	130

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.3B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Geographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Geographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	8.3	13.2	9.5	4.9
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION				
Northeast	8.5	14.2	10.1	4.5
New England	9.5	15.0	10.3	6.5
Middle Atlantic	8.1	14.0	10.1	3.8
Midwest	8.5	12.9	9.8	5.1
East North Central	8.5	12.4	10.0	4.9
West North Central	8.5	13.8	9.4	5.3
South	8.4	12.5	9.5	5.6
South Atlantic	8.5	12.0	9.5	6.1
East South Central	9.4	13.4	11.7	5.0
West South Central	7.8	12.7	8.1	5.0
West	7.8	13.7	8.8	3.9
Mountain	8.2	14.5	8.9	4.5
Pacific	7.6	13.4	8.7	3.6
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	7.6	12.7	8.8	4.0
Small Metro	8.8	13.9	10.2	4.7
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	8.6	13.2	10.0	4.9
<250K Pop.	9.1	15.6	10.6	4.2
Nonmetro	9.4	13.1	10.6	7.0
Urbanized	8.4	13.0	9.0	5.7
Less Urbanized	10.0	13.4	11.4	7.7
Completely Rural	8.8	12.2	11.3	5.9

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.4A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Drug	ILLCIT DRUG USE	
	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ¹	5,061	12,423
Marijuana and Hashish	3,653	13,830
Cocaine	1,187	16,296
Crack	435	17,049
Heroin	*	17,389
Hallucinogens	751	16,732
LSD	127	17,356
PCP	*	17,447
Ecstasy	540	16,943
Inhalants	207	17,276
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ²	2,707	14,777
Pain Relievers	2,040	15,444
Tranquilizers	1,136	16,347
Stimulants	730	16,753
Methamphetamine	418	17,066
Sedatives	283	17,200
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ¹	3,500	13,983

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.4B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs: Percentages, 2002

Drug	ILLCIT DRUG USE	
	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ¹	17.1	6.9
Marijuana and Hashish	16.7	7.3
Cocaine	22.0	7.9
Crack	29.9	8.2
Heroin	*	8.3
Hallucinogens	19.7	8.1
LSD	18.6	8.3
PCP	*	8.3
Ecstasy	20.6	8.2
Inhalants	20.6	8.3
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ²	21.8	7.5
Pain Relievers	22.4	7.7
Tranquilizers	26.5	7.9
Stimulants	28.8	8.1
Methamphetamine	31.8	8.2
Sedatives	33.6	8.2
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ¹	20.5	7.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.5A Illicit Drug Use in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	29,638	5,061	24,577
Marijuana and Hashish	21,850	3,653	18,197
Cocaine	5,394	1,187	4,206
Crack	1,454	435	1,020
Heroin	353	94	258
Hallucinogens	3,804	751	3,053
LSD	684	127	557
PCP	126	37	89
Ecstasy	2,621	540	2,081
Inhalants	1,005	207	798
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ³	12,397	2,707	9,690
Pain Relievers	9,122	2,040	7,082
Tranquilizers	4,281	1,136	3,145
Stimulants	2,531	730	1,801
Methamphetamine	1,315	418	897
Sedatives	843	283	560
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	17,086	3,500	13,586

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

³ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.5B Illicit Drug Use in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Percentages, 2002

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	14.1	28.9	12.7
Marijuana and Hashish	10.4	20.9	9.4
Cocaine	2.6	6.8	2.2
Crack	0.7	2.5	0.5
Heroin	0.2	0.5	0.1
Hallucinogens	1.8	4.3	1.6
LSD	0.3	0.7	0.3
PCP	0.1	0.2	0.0
Ecstasy	1.2	3.1	1.1
Inhalants	0.5	1.2	0.4
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ³	5.9	15.5	5.0
Pain Relievers	4.3	11.7	3.7
Tranquilizers	2.0	6.5	1.6
Stimulants	1.2	4.2	0.9
Methamphetamine	0.6	2.4	0.5
Sedatives	0.4	1.6	0.3
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	8.1	20.0	7.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

³ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.6A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year and Past Month Tobacco and Alcohol Use: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Drug	TOBACCO/ALCOHOL USE	
	Yes	No
PAST YEAR		
Any Tobacco ¹	9,357	8,127
Cigarettes	8,628	8,856
Smokeless Tobacco	825	16,658
Cigars	2,604	14,880
Pipes	--	--
Alcohol	12,428	5,055
Binge Alcohol Use ²	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	--	--
PAST MONTH		
Any Tobacco ¹	8,428	9,055
Cigarettes	7,886	9,598
Smokeless Tobacco	575	16,908
Cigars	1,287	16,196
Pipes	219	17,265
Alcohol	9,234	8,250
Binge Alcohol Use ²	5,037	12,446
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	1,696	15,788

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any Tobacco use in the past year excludes past year pipe tobacco use, but includes past month pipe tobacco use.

² Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also Binge Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.6B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year and Past Month Tobacco and Alcohol Use: Percentages, 2002

Drug	TOBACCO/ALCOHOL USE	
	Yes	No
PAST YEAR		
Any Tobacco ¹	11.9	6.2
Cigarettes	13.0	6.1
Smokeless Tobacco	8.7	8.3
Cigars	11.1	8.0
Pipes	--	--
Alcohol	8.5	8.0
Binge Alcohol Use ²	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	--	--
PAST MONTH		
Any Tobacco ¹	12.4	6.3
Cigarettes	13.6	6.3
Smokeless Tobacco	7.9	8.3
Cigars	11.1	8.1
Pipes	13.0	8.3
Alcohol	8.0	8.7
Binge Alcohol Use ²	9.8	7.8
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	11.1	8.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any Tobacco use in the past year excludes past year pipe tobacco use, but includes past month pipe tobacco use.

² Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also Binge Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.7A Tobacco and Alcohol Use in the Past Year and Past Month among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
PAST YEAR			
Any Tobacco ²	78,892	9,357	69,536
Cigarettes	66,273	8,628	57,646
Smokeless Tobacco	9,514	825	8,689
Cigars	23,417	2,604	20,813
Pipes	--	--	--
Alcohol	146,912	12,428	134,484
Binge Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
PAST MONTH			
Any Tobacco ²	67,732	8,428	59,304
Cigarettes	57,928	7,886	50,042
Smokeless Tobacco	7,299	575	6,724
Cigars	11,634	1,287	10,347
Pipes	1,679	219	1,460
Alcohol	115,455	9,234	106,221
Binge Alcohol Use ³	51,146	5,037	46,109
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	15,231	1,696	13,535

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any Tobacco use in the past year excludes past year pipe tobacco use, but includes past month pipe tobacco use.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also Binge Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.7B Tobacco and Alcohol Use in the Past Year and Past Month among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Percentages, 2002

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
PAST YEAR			
Any Tobacco ²	37.5	53.5	36.0
Cigarettes	31.5	49.3	29.9
Smokeless Tobacco	4.5	4.7	4.5
Cigars	11.1	14.9	10.8
Pipes	--	--	--
Alcohol	69.8	71.1	69.7
Binge Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
PAST MONTH			
Any Tobacco ²	32.2	48.2	30.7
Cigarettes	27.5	45.1	25.9
Smokeless Tobacco	3.5	3.3	3.5
Cigars	5.5	7.4	5.4
Pipes	0.8	1.3	0.8
Alcohol	54.9	52.8	55.1
Binge Alcohol Use ³	24.3	28.8	23.9
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	7.2	9.7	7.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any Tobacco use in the past year excludes past year pipe tobacco use, but includes past month pipe tobacco use.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also Binge Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.8A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	17,483	5,061	12,423
AGE			
18-25	4,085	1,965	2,120
26-49	9,534	2,730	6,804
50 or Older	3,865	366	3,499
GENDER			
Male	6,041	2,282	3,759
Female	11,442	2,779	8,663
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	15,760	4,492	11,268
White	12,639	3,751	8,888
Black or African American	2,032	547	1,485
American Indian or Alaska Native	161	*	122
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	40	*	23
Asian	600	53	546
Two or More Races	289	*	203
Hispanic or Latino	1,724	569	1,155
EDUCATION			
< High School	3,591	1,115	2,476
High School Graduate	5,839	1,516	4,323
Some College	4,991	1,724	3,267
College Graduate	3,062	705	2,357
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	8,453	2,562	5,891
Part-Time	2,664	829	1,834
Unemployed	1,078	548	530
Other ²	5,289	1,122	4,167

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.8B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	8.3	17.1	6.9
AGE			
18-25	13.2	17.9	10.6
26-49	9.5	17.0	8.1
50 or Older	4.9	14.0	4.6
GENDER			
Male	6.0	13.3	4.5
Female	10.5	22.2	8.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	8.5	17.2	7.1
White	8.4	17.9	6.9
Black or African American	8.8	14.3	7.7
American Indian or Alaska Native	12.5	*	11.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	5.4	*	3.9
Asian	7.5	9.3	7.3
Two or More Races	13.6	*	12.0
Hispanic or Latino	6.9	16.0	5.3
EDUCATION			
< High School	9.6	19.8	7.8
High School Graduate	8.6	16.0	7.4
Some College	9.5	19.9	7.4
College Graduate	5.8	11.9	5.0
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	7.3	14.6	6.0
Part-Time	9.7	16.2	8.2
Unemployed	14.2	24.7	9.9
Other ²	9.0	23.3	7.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.9A Any Illicit Drug Use in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	29,638	5,061	24,577
AGE			
18-25	11,000	1,965	9,035
26-49	16,031	2,730	13,301
50 or Older	2,608	366	2,242
GENDER			
Male	17,132	2,282	14,851
Female	12,506	2,779	9,727
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	26,087	4,492	21,595
White	20,900	3,751	17,149
Black or African American	3,835	547	3,289
American Indian or Alaska Native	220	*	181
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	123	*	107
Asian	576	53	523
Two or More Races	433	*	347
Hispanic or Latino	3,552	569	2,983
EDUCATION			
< High School	5,618	1,115	4,503
High School Graduate	9,460	1,516	7,944
Some College	8,656	1,724	6,931
College Graduate	5,905	705	5,200
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	17,505	2,562	14,943
Part-Time	5,105	829	4,276
Unemployed	2,218	548	1,671
Other ²	4,809	1,122	3,688

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.9B Any Illicit Drug Use in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14.1	28.9	12.7
AGE			
18-25	35.5	48.1	33.5
26-49	16.0	28.6	14.7
50 or Older	3.3	9.5	3.0
GENDER			
Male	17.0	37.8	15.6
Female	11.4	24.3	9.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	14.1	28.5	12.7
White	13.9	29.7	12.5
Black or African American	16.5	26.9	15.5
American Indian or Alaska Native	17.0	*	16.0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	16.8	*	15.4
Asian	7.2	8.9	7.0
Two or More Races	20.4	*	18.9
Hispanic or Latino	14.1	33.0	12.7
EDUCATION			
< High School	15.1	31.0	13.4
High School Graduate	13.9	26.0	12.8
Some College	16.5	34.5	14.6
College Graduate	11.2	23.0	10.5
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	15.0	30.3	13.8
Part-Time	18.6	31.1	17.3
Unemployed	29.2	50.8	25.7
Other ²	8.2	21.2	6.9

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.10A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Dependence/Abuse	Total	DEPENDENCE ¹		DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	17,483	1,260	16,223	1,671	15,812
Marijuana	17,483	573	16,910	883	16,600
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	17,483	790	16,693	1,050	16,433
Alcohol	17,483	2,013	15,471	3,155	14,328
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ²	17,483	2,836	14,648	4,048	13,435
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ²	17,483	438	17,046	779	16,705

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.10B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse: Percentages, 2002

Dependence/Abuse	Total	DEPENDENCE ¹		DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	8.3	32.7	7.9	29.1	7.7
Marijuana	8.3	28.6	8.1	27.3	8.0
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	8.3	38.5	8.0	33.4	7.9
Alcohol	8.3	26.2	7.6	19.0	7.4
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ²	8.3	27.2	7.3	20.4	7.0
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ²	8.3	38.9	8.1	30.1	8.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.11A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Dependence/Abuse	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE²			
Any Illicit Drug ³	5,740	1,671	4,069
Marijuana	3,239	883	2,356
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ³	3,146	1,050	2,097
Alcohol	16,647	3,155	13,491
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ³	19,797	4,048	15,749
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ³	2,590	779	1,811
DEPENDENCE²			
Any Illicit Drug ³	3,855	1,260	2,594
Marijuana	2,006	573	1,433
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ³	2,052	790	1,261
Alcohol	7,695	2,013	5,682
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ³	10,425	2,836	7,589
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ³	1,125	438	687

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

³ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.11B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: Percentages, 2002

Dependence/Abuse	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE²			
Any Illicit Drug ³	2.7	9.6	2.1
Marijuana	1.5	5.1	1.2
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ³	1.5	6.0	1.1
Alcohol	7.9	18.0	7.0
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ³	9.4	23.2	8.2
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ³	1.2	4.5	0.9
DEPENDENCE²			
Any Illicit Drug ³	1.8	7.2	1.3
Marijuana	1.0	3.3	0.7
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ³	1.0	4.5	0.7
Alcohol	3.7	11.5	2.9
Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ³	5.0	16.2	3.9
Any Illicit Drug and Alcohol ³	0.5	2.5	0.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

³ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.12A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ^{1,2}	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	17,483	1,671	15,812
18-25	4,085	689	3,396
26-49	9,534	871	8,662
50 or Older	3,865	*	3,754
MALE	6,041	926	5,115
18-25	1,560	343	1,218
26-49	3,322	487	2,835
50 or Older	1,159	*	1,063
FEMALE	11,442	745	10,697
18-25	2,525	346	2,178
26-49	6,211	384	5,828
50 or Older	2,706	*	2,691

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.12B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: Percentages, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ^{1,2}	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	8.3	29.1	7.7
18-25	13.2	27.0	11.9
26-49	9.5	31.8	8.9
50 or Older	4.9	*	4.8
MALE	6.0	24.5	5.3
18-25	10.0	21.0	8.8
26-49	6.7	26.3	6.0
50 or Older	3.2	*	3.0
FEMALE	10.5	37.9	10.0
18-25	16.3	37.9	14.9
26-49	12.2	42.9	11.6
50 or Older	6.3	*	6.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.13A Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	5,740	1,671	4,069
18-25	2,548	689	1,859
26-49	2,744	871	1,873
50 or Older	448	111	337
MALE	3,773	926	2,847
18-25	1,634	343	1,291
26-49	1,850	487	1,362
50 or Older	289	*	193
FEMALE	1,967	745	1,222
18-25	914	346	568
26-49	894	384	510
50 or Older	159	15	144

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.13B Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: Percentages, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.7	9.6	2.1
18-25	8.2	16.9	6.9
26-49	2.7	9.1	2.1
50 or Older	0.6	2.9	0.4
MALE	3.7	15.3	3.0
18-25	10.5	22.0	9.2
26-49	3.8	14.7	3.0
50 or Older	0.8	*	0.6
FEMALE	1.8	6.5	1.2
18-25	5.9	13.7	4.4
26-49	1.8	6.2	1.1
50 or Older	0.4	0.6	0.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

30812

Table 6.14A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Alcohol Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	17,483	3,155	14,328
18-25	4,085	1,137	2,948
26-49	9,534	1,676	7,857
50 or Older	3,865	342	3,523
MALE	6,041	1,687	4,354
18-25	1,560	543	1,018
26-49	3,322	874	2,448
50 or Older	1,159	270	888
FEMALE	11,442	1,468	9,974
18-25	2,525	594	1,930
26-49	6,211	802	5,409
50 or Older	2,706	*	2,635

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

30812

Table 6.14B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Alcohol Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: Percentages, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	8.3	19.0	7.4
18-25	13.2	20.8	11.5
26-49	9.5	19.0	8.6
50 or Older	4.9	14.6	4.6
MALE	6.0	14.6	4.9
18-25	10.0	15.3	8.5
26-49	6.7	14.2	5.7
50 or Older	3.2	14.3	2.6
FEMALE	10.5	29.0	9.6
18-25	16.3	30.8	14.2
26-49	12.2	29.9	11.2
50 or Older	6.3	*	6.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.15A Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	16,647	3,155	13,491
18-25	5,477	1,137	4,340
26-49	8,825	1,676	7,148
50 or Older	2,345	342	2,003
MALE	11,579	1,687	9,892
18-25	3,550	543	3,008
26-49	6,143	874	5,269
50 or Older	1,885	*	1,615
FEMALE	5,067	1,468	3,599
18-25	1,927	594	1,333
26-49	2,681	802	1,879
50 or Older	459	72	388

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

30812

Table 6.15B Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: Percentages, 2002

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.9	18.0	7.0
18-25	17.7	27.8	16.1
26-49	8.8	17.6	7.9
50 or Older	3.0	8.8	2.7
MALE	11.5	27.9	10.4
18-25	22.9	34.8	21.5
26-49	12.5	26.3	11.5
50 or Older	5.2	*	4.6
FEMALE	4.6	12.8	3.7
18-25	12.4	23.5	10.3
26-49	5.3	12.9	4.2
50 or Older	1.1	2.6	1.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.16A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Detailed Age Categories: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Age Category	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
Total 18 or Older	17,483	8,355	9,091
18	543	153	386
19	514	170	343
20	511	137	374
21	571	209	362
22	533	168	365
23	518	189	328
24	426	155	271
25	469	213	256
26-29	1,458	595	858
30-34	2,132	1,051	1,080
35-39	1,995	1,052	943
40-44	2,236	1,312	924
45-49	1,713	1,163	535
50-54	1,397	856	541
55-59	904	532	372
60-64	416	105	311
65 or Older	1,148	294	842

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.16B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Detailed Age Categories: Percentages, 2002

Age Category	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
Total 18 or Older	8.3	30.6	5.0
18	12.4	35.6	9.9
19	12.6	41.7	9.3
20	12.8	36.4	10.4
21	14.1	44.5	10.1
22	13.8	42.3	10.6
23	13.6	44.3	9.7
24	12.1	39.3	8.7
25	14.1	56.1	8.7
26-29	9.5	34.3	6.4
30-34	10.7	37.4	6.3
35-39	9.1	35.0	5.0
40-44	10.2	35.8	5.1
45-49	8.1	34.9	3.0
50-54	7.4	29.5	3.4
55-59	6.2	22.1	3.0
60-64	3.6	8.9	3.0
65 or Older	3.4	9.8	2.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.17A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
TOTAL	17,483	8,355	9,091
AGE			
18-25	4,085	1,394	2,685
26-49	9,534	5,173	4,340
50 or Older	3,865	1,787	2,065
GENDER			
Male	6,041	2,376	3,647
Female	11,442	5,978	5,444
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	15,760	7,703	8,019
White	12,639	6,547	6,057
Black or African American	2,032	750	1,281
American Indian or Alaska Native	161	*	66
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	40	*	35
Asian	600	*	405
Two or More Races	289	*	176
Hispanic or Latino	1,724	651	1,072
EDUCATION			
< High School	3,591	1,404	2,172
High School Graduate	5,839	2,631	3,199
Some College	4,991	2,576	2,410
College Graduate	3,062	1,743	1,309
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	8,453	3,796	4,641
Part-Time	2,664	1,346	1,310
Unemployed	1,078	457	621
Other ³	5,289	2,756	2,519

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

³ Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.17B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
TOTAL	8.3	30.6	5.0
AGE			
18-25	13.2	42.5	9.7
26-49	9.5	35.5	5.1
50 or Older	4.9	18.8	3.0
GENDER			
Male	6.0	27.1	4.0
Female	10.5	32.2	6.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic or Latino	8.5	30.5	5.0
White	8.4	29.7	4.7
Black or African American	8.8	38.0	6.1
American Indian or Alaska Native	12.5	*	6.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	5.4	*	5.0
Asian	7.5	*	5.5
Two or More Races	13.6	*	9.9
Hispanic or Latino	6.9	31.9	4.7
EDUCATION			
< High School	9.6	32.6	6.6
High School Graduate	8.6	33.3	5.3
Some College	9.5	34.2	5.4
College Graduate	5.8	23.0	2.9
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	7.3	29.0	4.5
Part-Time	9.7	34.5	5.6
Unemployed	14.2	42.4	9.6
Other ³	9.0	29.8	5.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)* and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

³ Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.18A Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Geographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002

Geographic Characteristic	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
TOTAL	17,483	8,355	9,091
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	3,441	1,745	1,695
New England	1,007	653	354
Middle Atlantic	2,434	1,092	1,341
Midwest	4,048	1,912	2,112
East North Central	2,831	1,330	1,476
West North Central	1,217	581	635
South	6,325	2,999	3,315
South Atlantic	3,353	1,594	1,758
East South Central	1,195	636	558
West South Central	1,777	769	999
West	3,669	1,699	1,969
Mountain	1,117	507	610
Pacific	2,552	1,191	1,359
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	7,995	3,681	4,299
Small Metro	5,554	2,879	2,660
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	3,983	2,027	1,941
<250K Pop.	1,571	852	719
Nonmetro	3,934	1,795	2,132
Urbanized	1,117	625	490
Less Urbanized	2,408	1,045	1,356
Completely Rural	410	*	286

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.

Table 6.18B Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Geographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002

Geographic Characteristic	Total ¹	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ²	
		Received	Not Received
TOTAL	8.3	30.6	5.0
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	8.5	31.2	4.9
New England	9.5	35.7	4.0
Middle Atlantic	8.1	29.0	5.1
Midwest	8.5	30.8	5.1
East North Central	8.5	31.7	5.1
West North Central	8.5	28.8	5.2
South	8.4	32.5	5.1
South Atlantic	8.5	32.9	5.1
East South Central	9.4	36.4	5.1
West South Central	7.8	29.1	4.9
West	7.8	27.1	4.8
Mountain	8.2	28.0	5.2
Pacific	7.6	26.7	4.7
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	7.6	28.6	4.7
Small Metro	8.8	32.2	4.9
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	8.6	30.6	4.9
<250K Pop.	9.1	36.7	4.8
Nonmetro	9.4	32.7	5.8
Urbanized	8.4	30.5	4.4
Less Urbanized	10.0	35.0	6.4
Completely Rural	8.8	*	6.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.6 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

¹ Estimates in the total column represent persons aged 18 or older with past year SMI, including those with unknown mental health treatment/counseling information.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling information are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002.